OANADA.

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COPY OF A DESPATCH

PROM THE

GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF CANADA.

Forwarding a Report of a Committee of the Privy Council on a Proposal for the Ohganisation of an Irish Immoration to Manitoba and the North-West.

Presented to both Mouses of Parliament by Command of Mer gliajesty.



LONDON:

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41

CANADA.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL THE MARQUIS OF LORNE, K.T., G.C.M.G., to the RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY. (Received November 23, 1880.) GOVERNORD HOUSE, Othawa, Navember 2, 1880.)

November 9, 1880.

I have the honour to transmit herewith for your Lordship's information, a copy of

a report of a Committee of the Privy Council adopting a memorandum prepared by the Minister of Agriculture containing a proposal for the organisation of an Irish Immigration to Manitoba and the North-West.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Kimberley, &c. &c. &c. I have, &c. (Signed) LORNE.

Enclosure.

Copy of a Report of a Committee of the Honourable the Privy Council for Canada, approved by His Excellency the Governor-General, on the 5th November 1880.

opportunity of machinerity the Obstance Synkath, on the Sin Australian Case.

On the recommendation of the Honourable the Minister of Agriculture, the Conmonths of the Case of the Case

Certified, J. O. Coré, Clerk, Privy Council, Canada.

MEMORANDUM.

On the suggestion made to him by the High Commissioner of Canada in England, Sir A. T. Galt, G.C.M.G., the undersigned has the honour to propose the following as a basis of joint action in promoting Irish Immigration should the Imperial Government entertain the project.

successful Government, sympathining with their follow subjects of brilend in their distinction of the subject o

In the case of single men and women no serious difficulty would arise, as employment can readily be found. But in the present distressed circumstances of Ireland, it is manifest that it is only by the removal of eatire families that any sensible relief would be

experienced from the pressure of a redundant population.

Provision would have, therefore, to be made, not only for the transport of the families to their place of settlement, but also for their maintenance until a crop can be had from the land.

In the older Provinces of the Dominion where the land is all heavily timbered, the difficulty of managing a large immigration would be very great. But in the wast fertile plains of the North-West, the question becomes comparatively easy of solution.

By very simple pre-arrangement any required number of farm lots could be prepared for occupation, in the essues preceding the survival of the innuigrants, a small develling erected, a certain extent of the prairie land bracken up and prepared for seed, and in the case of late arrival, actually sown, so as to essure a coop the same essuen that the immigrants were placed in possession. This work could be done by contract under proper supervision, and would give employment on arrival to the now immigrant while his crop was growing, thereby greatly reducing the cost of the undertaking and really limiting it ultimately to little more than the cost of his transport, as the repayment of advances by the earlier settlers would soon be sufficient to meet the annual outlay for prenarine new lands.

advances by the eariter settlers would soon a summerist to meet the annual cuttary for perpending the part of embattation to Winnings may now be taken at shout 40th, subject to a certain increase for their transport theme to their firms that. The dwelling and eight acres of land prepared for crop with used may be estimated at from 35t, to 40th. Some affilion for the support of the family full till crop is harvested, after which the immerizant

may be regarded as self-supporting.

The Canadian Government provides each settler with a "free grant" of 160 acres, ashiect only to a patent fee of 2d. The settler can also secure the preemption of 160

acres adjoining at the current price and usual conditions.

For the re-imbursement of the outlay for trussport and for establishing the immigrant
upon his farm, it is suggested that the Canadian Government would provide that the
total cost, as certified to their agent, and acknowledged by the settler, should form a
first charge on the land, payable by certain annual instalments with interest.

must charge on the land, payance by certain annual mustaments with interest.

To obviote the misconstruction to which Her Majesty's Government might be exposed in favouring any Canadian system of immigration, two points seem to be im-

portant.

1. Instead of direct action by Her Maiesty's Government, it is suggested that the

whole movement should be conducted under the anapiers of a Commission or of a National Emigration Association, with an adequate organization, both at home and in Canada, and that the pecuniary sait should be given by the Imperial Government in the form of advances to such Association or Commission, at a low rate of interest, secured upon the settlew's land.

upon the settlers' land.

2. All immigration should be voluntary and assistance should be equally granted to

all who come under the conditions hid down.

Were such a Commission or such an Association established, certain tracts of land
would be placed at their disposal for settlement, which, under their officers would be
prepared for the incoming families. The Association or Commission would also charge
itself with the dissemination of information at home and with the selection and shipment
of the imagingsate while the Canadian Government would make them participant of any
reduction on passages obtained in favour of immigrants, and cause them to be cared for
our rarival and forwards of the commission of the commission of the
our rarival and the such by the Convenience of the Association to
them there respective losts; after which proceedings, the officers of the Commission or of
the Association would take them is clarge and see them installed on their land, which

would have been prepared for occupation during the previous season.

The whole respectfully submitted.

(Signed) J. H. Porz, Minister of Agriculture.

Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, October 30, 1880.